



# 6PPD and 6PPD-quinone: Finding a Solution

Morgan Baker, 6PPD Management Analyst Washington Public Ports Association – 2023 Annual Meeting

Photo: Eiko Jones





# Agenda

- What are 6PPD and 6PPDquinone?
- Toxicology
- Actions in Washington State
- Actions by Federal Government
- Discussion

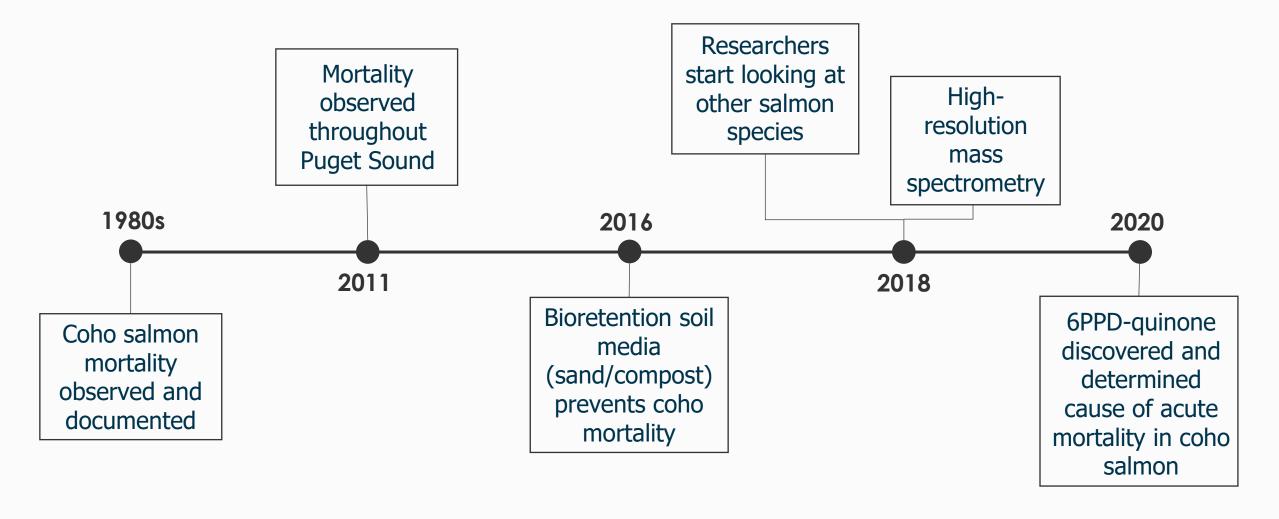
#### **Mortality Observed**

- Up to 100% of coho salmon died before they could spawn
- Female carcasses showed>90% egg retention
- Symptoms: disorientation, swimming on side, gasping
- Hypothesized cause as road runoff



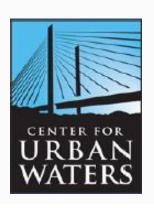
Photo: Wild Fish Conservancy, 2021

## **6PPD-quinone Discovery**



#### **Discovery of the Cause**





# 2-anilino-5-[(4-methylpentan-2-yl)amino] cyclohexa-2,5-diene-1,4-dione CH3 CH3 CCH3 CCH3 CCH3

- Began research in 2018
- Over 2,000 chemicals in tire wear particle leachate
- High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry
- Fractionation processes based on chemical characteristics
- Discovered 6PPD-quinone in 2020



#### **6PPD** in Tires

- Chemical anti-degradant that prevents tire rubber from cracking when exposed to ozone
- Tire industry started using in 1960s
- Improves performance and longevity
- Makes up 1-3% of tire composition
- Assumed to be used in all tires



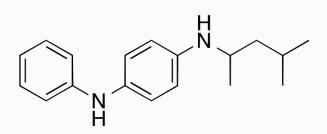
Photo credit: U.S. Tires Manufacturer's Association



## **How 6PPD-quinone forms**

#### 6PPD

N-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)-N'-phenyl-pphenylenediamine



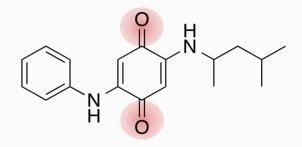


ozone and tire wear particles

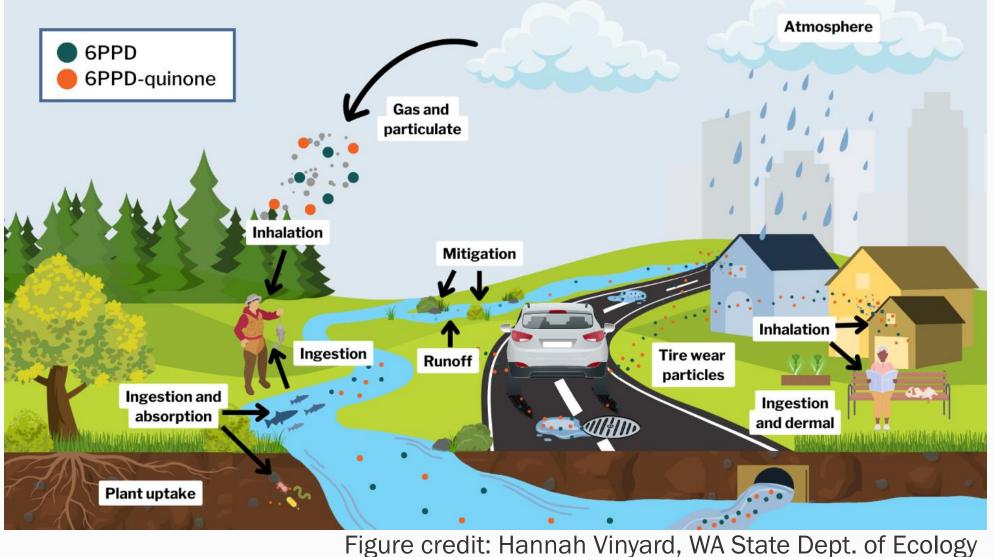


#### 6PPD-quinone

*N-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine-quinone* 



## **Conceptual Exposure Model**



#### **Acute Toxicity in Salmonids**

Species	LC <sub>50</sub> (µg/L)
Coho salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	0.08 (median)
White-spotted char (Salvelinus leucomaenis pluvius)	0.51
Brook trout (Salvelinus fontinalis)	0.59
Rainbow trout/steelhead (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	1.0 (median)
Chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	82.1
Sockeye salmon (Oncorhynchus nerka)	Not acutely toxic at 50
Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar)	Not acutely toxic at 12.2
Brown trout (Salmo trutta)	Not acutely toxic at 12.2
Arctic char (Salvelinus alpinus)	Not acutely toxic at 12.7

Not acutely toxic to: White sturgeon, zebrafish, medaka, fathead minnow, Daphnia, amphipod

# Ecology's 3-Part Approach



Reducing sources of 6PPD & evaluating alternatives



Mapping and assessing to support planning



Stormwater Best Management Practices (BMPs)



# Complete a Safer Alternatives Assessment

- Identify, compare, and select safer alternatives to 6PPD
- Review requirements for toxicity, performance, feasibility, and availability

- Hazard Criteria
  - Specific data requirements and standards
  - Requires toxicity analysis on ozonated alternative
  - Requires testing on three trophic levels

### **Develop a 6PPD Action Plan**

- Provide actionable recommendations, including regulatory, policy, or legislative
- Phase 1 recommendations submitted to the legislature in November 2024
- Advisory Committee January
   2024

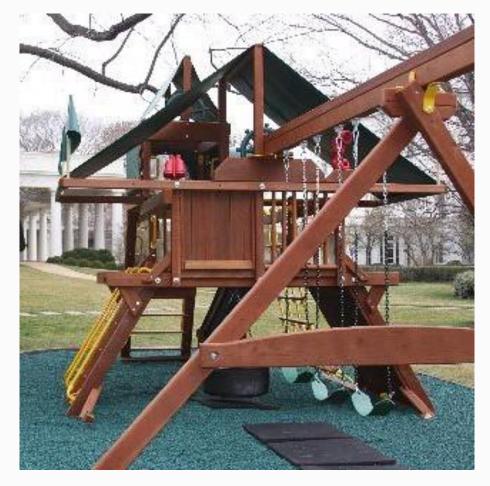
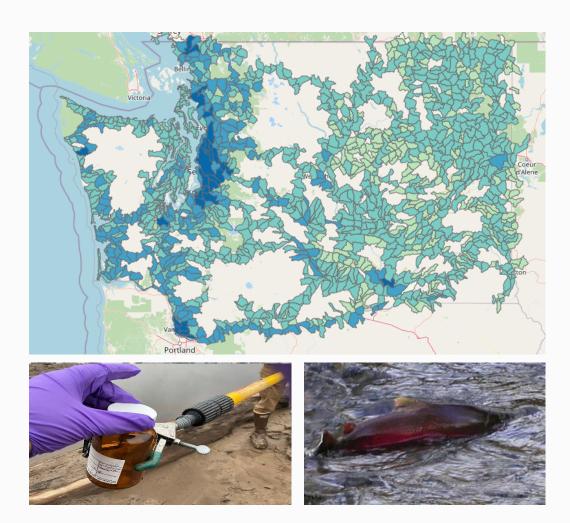


Photo credit: <u>Rubberecycle Mulch</u>
Changes made: cropped to square.



## **Identify Areas of Concern**

- Mapping sensitive species
   presence and proximity to tire
   contaminant loading
- Helping to focus studies and site evaluations to support solution-based modeling and risk assessments





- Fate and Transport
  - Where and when the **risks** to salmon are highest
  - How long toxic concentrations of 6PPD persist
- Projects to determine best sampling approaches
- 6PPD-quinone in sediments









# Effective Stormwater Best Management Practices

- Capture and treat 6PPD-quinone before it reaches receiving waters
  - Remove from roadway before rain or snow melt events
  - Treat stormwater
- Informs changes to **stormwater permits** and stormwater management manuals



Washington State Department of Ecology

#### STORMWATER TREATMENT OF TIRE CONTAMINANTS BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES EFFECTIVENESS

Final Report | June 2022



















# Completed: Osborn & Evergreen StormH20 Consulting

- Researched and conducted a literature review on how effective current BMPs are at addressing tire contaminants
- Published a report describing the potential effectiveness of:
  - Source Control BMPs
  - Flow Control BMPs
  - Runoff Treatment BMPs

#### **BMPs - Needed Research**

- Testing BMP effectiveness
  - Geographic regions and under climate change conditions
- Bridging policy and research
- Cost effectiveness
- Stormwater land use characterization





#### **EPA Grants Tribal Petition**

- August 2023
  - Petition prohibit the manufacturing, processing, use, and distribution of 6PPD in tires
- September 2023
  - ATNI passed resolution supporting the petition
- November 2023
  - EPA granted petition with identified first steps

#### **Contact Information**





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#### For more information:

Morgan Baker
6PPD Stormwater Coordinator
morgan.baker@ecy.wa.gov

Tanya Williams
6PPD Agency Lead
tanya.williams@ecy.wa.gov

## Just in Case...

# Regulatory Response: Stormwater Management Manuals (SWMMs) and MS4 Phase I and II Permits

- Phase I and II Permit changes Reduced project thresholds to require runoff treatment with new and redevelopment; Street sweeping requirements; Incentives for watershed collaboration in retrofit projects
- Just Phase I New minimum requirements for structural stormwater facility retrofits; Incentives for retrofit projects in High Pollutant Generating Transportation areas
- Just Phase II: Stormwater retrofits required
- **SWMMs:** Guidance within section <u>I-1.5 Stormwater Pollutants and Their Adverse</u> <u>Impacts</u>; <u>Emerging guidance</u> added on an ongoing basis