



Washington Public Ports Association Annual Meeting

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Agenda

- 1) Investing in the supply chain
- 2) Partnering with the private sector
- 3) Institutionalizing cross-government collaboration



Biden Administration's Supply Chain Initiatives in Response to Pandemic's Disruptions

- Executive Order 14017 on America's Supply Chains (Feb. 2021)
- Implementing the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law's generational investments in ports, highways, and other transportation infrastructure
- Launch of Freight Logistics Optimization Works (FLOW) (March 2022)
- White House Council on Supply Chain Resilience (November 2023)

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The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act in Brief



Top areas of investment:

Roads, Bridges, and Major Projects \$110 Billion

Public Transit \$89.9 Billion

Electric Vehicles and Buses \$15 Billion

Environmental Remediation and Power Infrastructure \$86 Billion

Transportation Safety \$11 Billion

Passenger and Freight Rail \$66 Billion

Airports, Ports, and Waterways \$42 Billion

Other Areas of Investment \$121 Billion



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2

Investing in America's Future

Total transportation funding in five-year Bipartisan Infrastructure Law is more than \$660 billion	
👹 🛛 Bridge Improvement Program:	\$44 billion (5-years)
Charging Grants:	\$7.5 billion
PROTECT formula and discretionary grants:	\$8.7 billion
Areconnecting Communities:	\$1 billion
🚴 Safe Streets and Roads for All:	\$6 billion
🞬 National infrastructure Investments (Megaprojects):	\$15 billion
Local and regional project assistance (RAISE):	\$15 billion
🚛 Nationally Significant Freight & Highway Projects (INFRA):	\$14 billion
Strengthening Mobility and Revolutionizing Transportation (SMART):	\$1 billion

Majority of funding (approx. 60%) flows through formula funds to state departments of transportation, transit agencies, and other transportation direct recipients. DOT is managing dozens of new competitive discretionary grant programs.



USDOT Office of Multimodal Freight Infrastructure and Policy

Purposes

- Carry out national multimodal freight policy
- Develop and manage the National Freight Strategic Plan and the National Multimodal Freight Network
- Administer and oversee certain multimodal freight grant programs
- Conduct research on improving multimodal freight mobility and oversee the freight research within the Department
- Provide input to the Bureau of Transportation Statistics regarding freight data and planning tools

- Promote and facilitate the sharing of freight information between the private and public sectors
- Oversee the development and updates of State freight plans
- Assist cities and States in developing freight mobility and supply chain expertise
- Assist States in the establishment of freight advisory committees and multi-State freight mobility compacts

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National Multimodal Freight Network (NMFN)

What is it?

The National Multimodal Freight Network is a national network of corridors and facilities that are critical to the efficient flow of freight into, out of, and throughout the U.S.



Rescinded Interim NMFN Map





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FLOW

The Freight Logistics Optimization Works (FLOW) program is a voluntary, secure, national exchange of freight information.

The program helps **improve the efficiency and resilience of the U.S. supply chain** by providing access to actual daily supply-chain asset availability and future demand for logistics resources.





One-of-its-kind partnership

The Freight Logistics Optimization Works (FLOW) is an innovative data product, but it is also a one-of-itskind public-private partnership.

There is no FLOW without the freight industry. The private sector has been working hand in hand with the FLOW team at DOT to develop this program since day 1.





How does FLOW work?

) FLOW partners with private industry on a voluntary basis.

2) Industry securely shares information with DOT.

3 DOT anonymizes and add the data together with the other members.

FLOW gives the members the new data product so they can act.



4

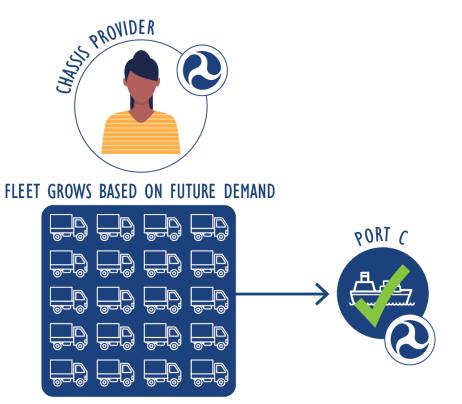
FLOW's Benefits

With FLOW = Resilient decision-making

Companies can also use FLOW data to make more informed and resilient decisions.

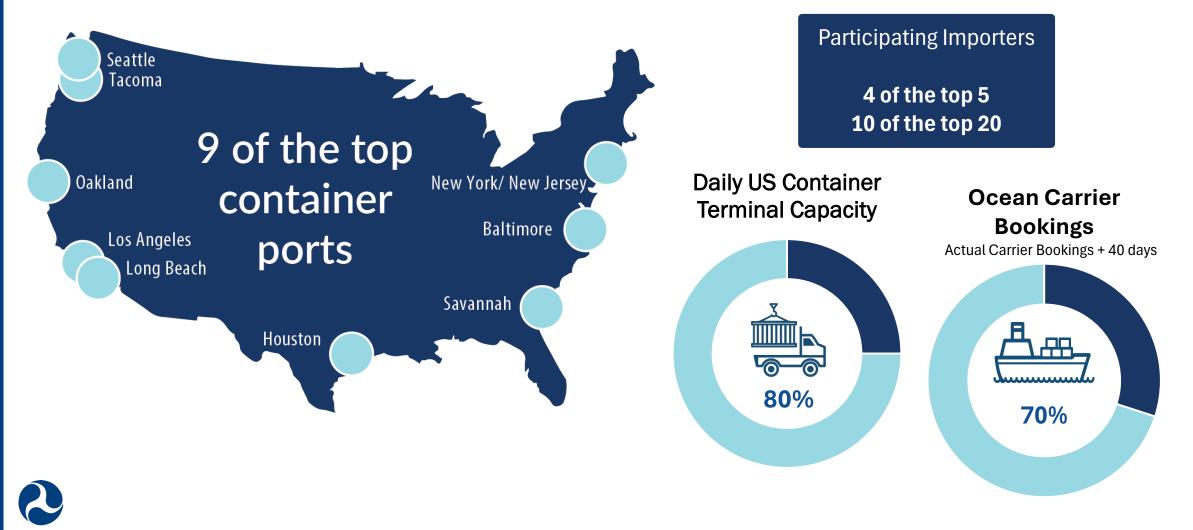
Example:

A chassis provider can grow the fleet they are sending to a port based on real future demand data.





Current Participant Overview and Diversity



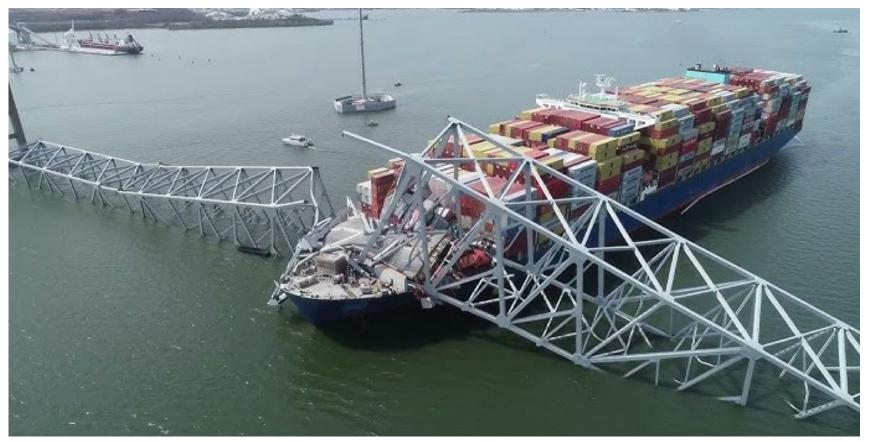
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Institutionalizing the Work

- White House Supply Chain Disruptions Task Force
 - 2021 Executive Order on Supply Chains led to creation of Task Force
 - Coordinates federal response to supply chain disruptions
- White House Council on Supply Chain Resilience
 - Permanent council of cabinet secretaries launched in Nov 2023
 - Formalized in June 2024 Executive Order
 - Developing a Quadrennial Supply Chain Review



Example of Federal Response: Port of Baltimore





National Goal: Zero-Emissions Freight Sector by 2050

- April 24, 2024: The Biden-Harris Administration announced the first-ever national goal to transition to zeroemissions freight sector for truck, rail, aviation, marine, along with a commitment to develop a national zeroemissions freight strategy.
- The strategy will prioritize actions to address air pollution hot spots and tackle the climate crisis, mobilizing a broad range of government resources, and reflect public participation and meaningful community engagement.
- This new commitment builds on the administration's ongoing work to tackle emissions:
 - U.S. National Blueprint for Transportation Decarbonization (January 2023)
 - Zero-Emissions Freight Corridor Strategy (March 2024)
 - Heavy Duty Vehicle Regulations (March 2024)
- Investment: The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law and Inflation Reduction Act include many programs that will support this transition.
 - EPA is making nearly \$1 billion available to replace Class 6 and Class 7 heavy vehicles including school buses, trash trucks and delivery trucks.
 - DOT is making \$400 million available through the Reduction of Truck Emissions at Port Facilities grant program

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U.S. National Blueprint for Transportation Decarbonization

Convenient



Clean



Improve Community Design and Land-use Planning Increase Options to Travel More Efficiently Transition to Zero Emission Vehicles and Fuels

Opportunities within the Multimodal Freight System:

- Electrification and low-carbon fuels
- Vehicle efficiency improvements
- Operational efficiencies and logistics planning
- Planning/Infrastructure
- First/last-mile solutions
- Optimizing use of all modes



How the Multimodal Freight Office will support this effort

- Designating the National Multimodal Freight Network
- Coordinating with the Joint Office on the Zero-Emission Freight Corridor Strategy
- Preparing an update of the National Freight Strategic Plan
- Promoting freight planning that takes emissions into consideration through State Freight Plans
- Making freight operations more efficient through data sharing (Freight Logistics Optimization Works: FLOW)



Thank You!

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