Bond Market Update and Capital Access Considerations for Washington Ports

Washington Public Ports Association – Finance Seminar June 2024





Agenda

- Market Backdrop
- Bond Market Conditions
- Bank Market Update
- Rating Agency Updates



Inflation Measures

Personal Consumption Expenditure (PCE)

• PCE remains well above the Feds stated target of 2%

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

• Likewise, CPI remains elevated above the 2% target

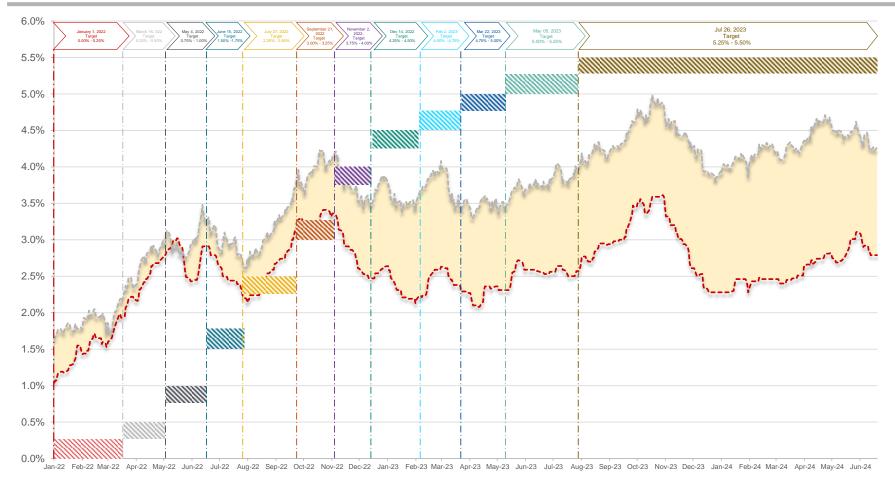


As of June 21, 2024 Sources: Bloomberg, TM3, IPREO, & KBCM

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10-Year MMD, 10-Year UST, and Fed Target Rate

From Jan 2022



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----- 10-Yr MMD

---- 10-Yr UST

Fed Target Rate

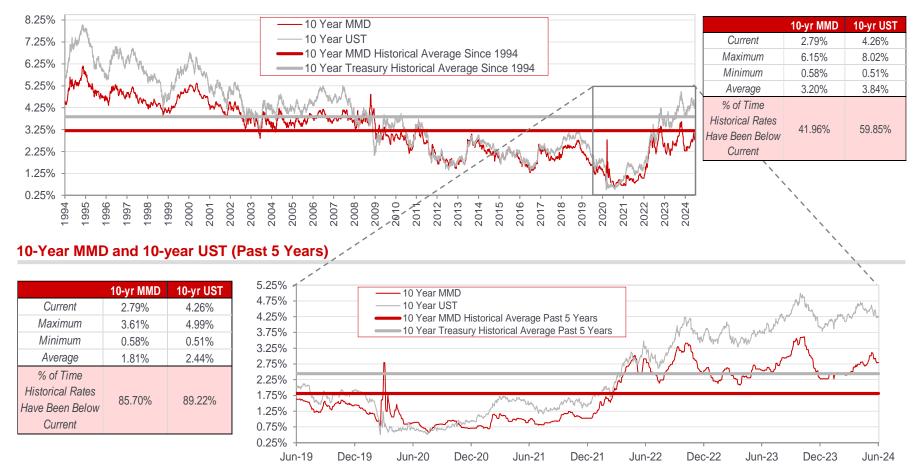




Tax-Exempt and Taxable Rates: Rates are low in the historical perspective

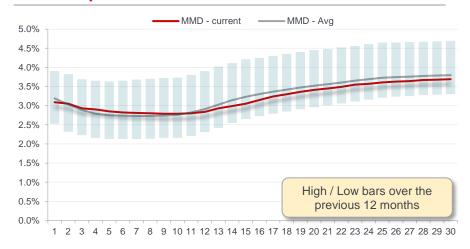
10-Year MMD and 10-year UST (1994 - Present)

- Since 1994, the 10-year MMD has been below the current rate only 41.96% of the time (and all of those occurrences were from 2020 to 2024 YTD).
- Rates were very volatile in March 2020 but then stabilized and reached all time lows by Summer 2020.



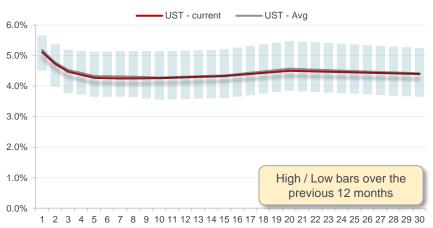


Capital Markets Yield Environment

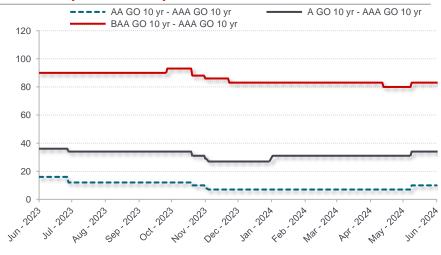


Tax-Exempt AAA MMD Yield Curve

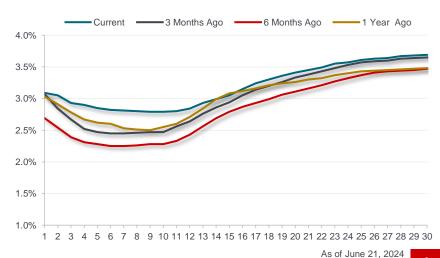
US Treasury Yield Curve



10-Year Spot Credit Spreads Over the Past Year



MMD Yield Curve Over Time



Sources: Bloomberg, KBCM & TM3



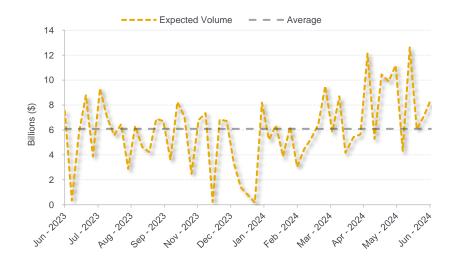
Municipal Bond Supply & Demand

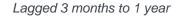
Issuance Volume (weekly supply)

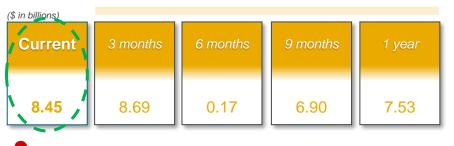
Volume of primary negotiated market new issue supply for the coming week totals **<u>\$8.45 billion</u>** – above the average primary market weekly supply for the year.

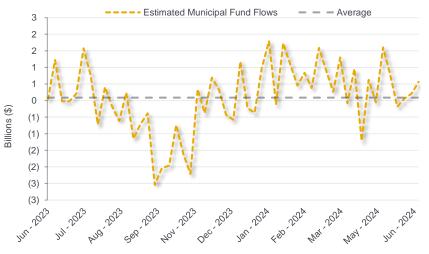
Municipal Investor Fund Flows (weekly demand¹)

Investor funds inflow of municipal investments for the week totaled **<u>\$0.57 billion</u>**.









Lagged 3 months to 1 year



As of June 21, 2024

Takeaways

- Long term rates unlikely to change significantly, short term rates predicted to drop when inflation is fully under control
- Refinancings can still make sense, just not at the same magnitude as before
- Bank market not fully recovered does not provide the demand seen pre-March 2023
- Presidential Election could cause market volatility in late 2024
- TIF financings beginning to come to market (all LTGO thus far)

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WPPA Finance Seminar

Bond Market Update

June 27, 2024



Bond Issue or Bank Loan?

- Bond Issue (Publicly Issued)
 - Have lower interest rates but higher up-front costs
 - Work better for larger amounts of money and longer periods of time
 - Allow for interest-only payments and various repayment structures
- Bank Loan
 - Works well for interim, variable rate financing
 - A lot of banks will provide fixed rate financing for short terms; fewer banks will fix the interest rate for a long term (10+ years)
 - Banks often work better for less robust credits





Bank Market

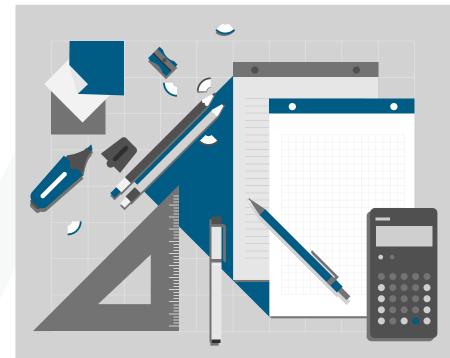
- Bank lending has always been an important part of a Port's financing for capital projects
 - Lines of credit
 - Drawdown financing
 - Prepayment alternatives
 - Smaller borrowings
- In 2015, our firm started to see bank lending as a viable alternative to publicly issued bonds for longer term financing
 - Rates were competitive with bond market rates
 - Prepayment flexibility
 - More straightforward process
 - Issue an RFP for bank lending
 - No Official Statement
 - No bond rating





Bank Market

- This condition lasted until 2022, when interest rates started to rapidly rise from historical lows. Why?
- Banks are maturity transformation machines. They:
 - Borrow short: They raise capital by taking deposits that must be available on short notice
 - Lend long: They loan out money with long-term maturities
 - This practice can expose them to interest rate risk due to the duration mismatch between their assets and liabilities
 - Rising interest rates put pressure on banks' balance sheets
- While this dynamic affects all banks, smaller banks that played a role in lending were particularly hurt
- Banks continue to be an option for your borrowing, particularly if the rate isn't the primary concern
 - Long-term bank financing has been more expensive than what we see in the bond market
 - A local bank or the bank that handles your deposits may be an option





Rating Agency

•	Ratings are	essential	to most	Bond Issu	es
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- Three primary rating agencies
 - Moody's Investors Service
 - S&P Global Ratings
 - Fitch Ratings
- Insurance may be used to enhance the rating
- Banks may not require a rating
 - Rating agencies would like to be made aware of additional borrowing
- Meetings with analysts
 - Virtually via Teams/Zoom
 - In-person visit
 - Conference call
- Rating analysts are the main contacts to the rating agencies

Investment Grade Rating Categories

Moody' s	S&P	Fitch
Aaa	AAA	AAA
Aa1	AA+	AA+
Aa2	AA	AA
Aa3	AA-	AA-
A1	A+	A+
A2	А	А
A3	A-	A-
Baa1	BBB+	BBB+
Baa2	BBB	BBB
Baa3	BBB-	BBB-



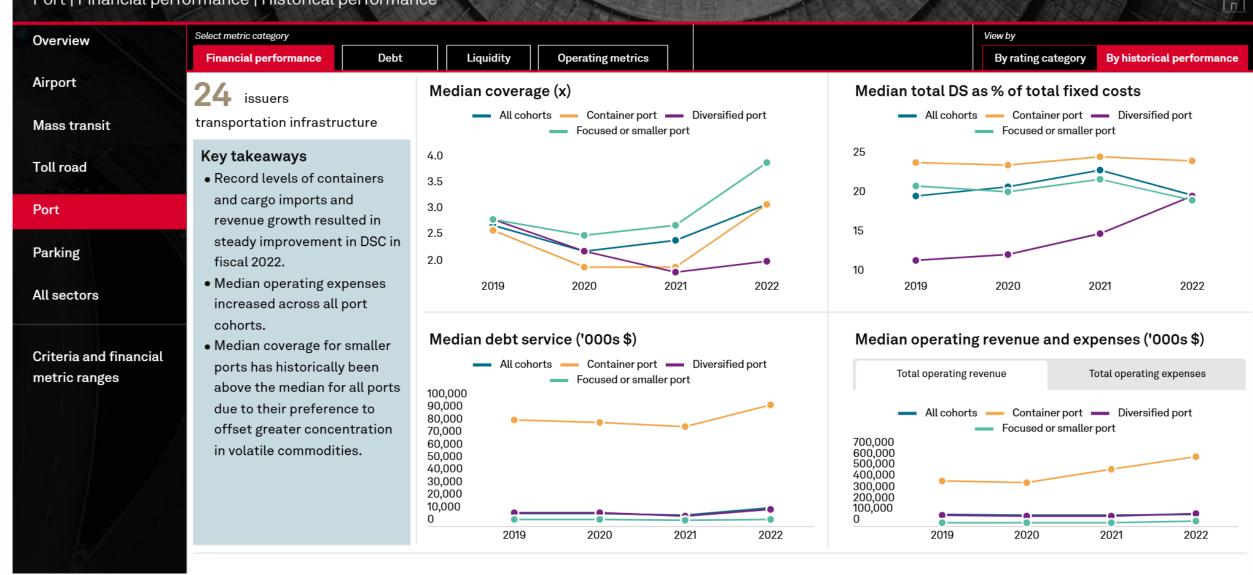
Rating Agency: Port Bond Ratings

- Typically, a rating from a single rating agency is sufficient to sell bonds
- More frequent issuers and/or those with a large amount of outstanding debt can benefit from having two rating on their bonds
- Most Washington Ports have ratings from Moody's or S&P
- Some Ports have ratings from both
 - Port of Seattle also has ratings from Fitch

ssuer	Security	Moody's	S&P
Port of Anacortes	GO	Aa3	
Dort of Pollingham	GO	Aa2	
Port of Bellingham	Revenue	A2	
Port of Benton	GO	Aa3	
Port of Brownsville	GO		AA-
Port of Camac Machoural	GO	Aa3	AA-
Port of Camas-Washougal	Revenue	A1	
Port of Everett	GO	Aa2	
Port of Everett	Revenue	A2	
Port of Grandview	GO		AA-
Port of Manchester	GO		А
Port of Olympia	GO	Aa2	
Port of Pasco	GO		А
POIL OI PASCO	Revenue		А
Port of Port Townsend	GO	Aa3	
	GO	Aaa	AA
Port of Seattle	Revenue	Aa2	AA
	2nd Lien	A1	AA-
Port of Skagit	GO	Aa2	
Port of South Whidbey	GO		A+
	GO	Aa2	AA
Port of Tacoma	Revenue	Aa3	AA
	2nd Lien	A1	AA-
Port of Vancouver	GO	Aa2	

Source: S&P Global Ratings, Moodys.com, MSRB.EMMA.ORG

Port | Financial performance | Historical performance

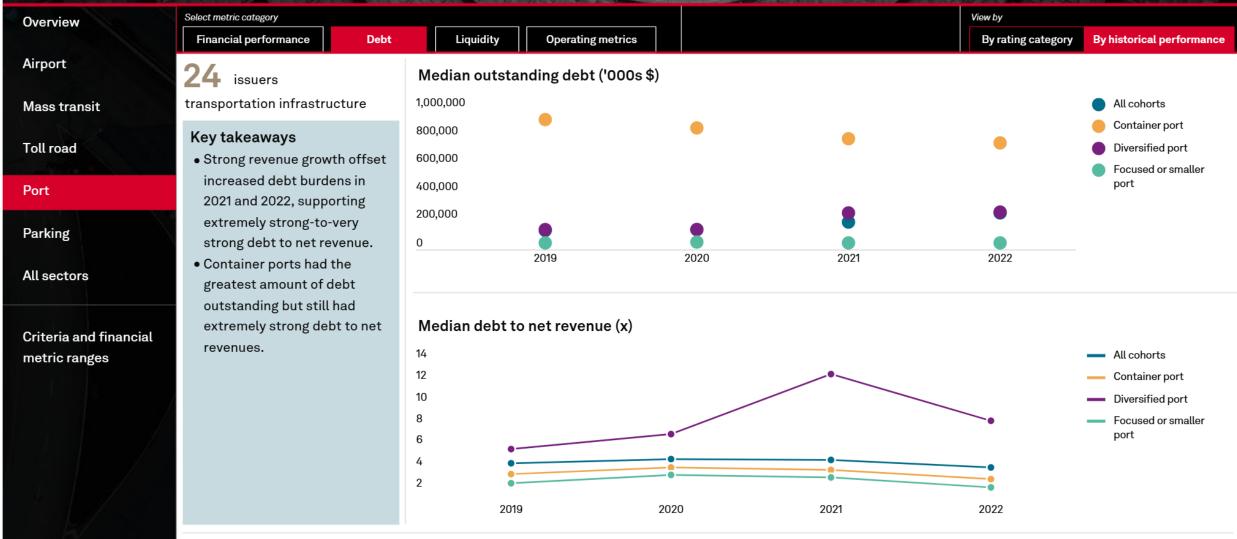




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Port | Debt | Historical performance



Debt to net revenue ranges from extremely strong (below 5.0x) to highly vulnerable (above 30x), see oriteria tab for more details.



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Port | Liquidity | Historical performance

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Overview	Select metric category						View by	View by	
	Financial performance	Debt	Liquidity	Operating metrics			By rating categor	By historical performance	
Airport	24 issuers		Median unres	tricted days' cash on	hand (no.	of days)			
Mass transit	transportation infrastru	icture	1,400					All cohorts	
Toll road Port Parking All sectors	 Key takeaways Strong demand and revenue performance allowed issuers to build cash reserves, with fiscal 2022 growth in unrestricted cash offsetting higher operating expenses. Days' cash on hand improved to 		1,200 1,000 800 600 400 200	2019	2020	2021	2022	 Container port Diversified port Focused or smaller port 	
Criteria and financial metric ranges	 extremely strong for most ports as median unrestricted cash and investments increased. Median liquidity metrics for focused or smaller ports has historically been above the median for all ports due to their preference to mitigate a larger concentration in volatile commodities. 	140 120 100 80 60 40 20	tricted reserves to d	ebt (%)	2021	•	 All cohorts Container port Diversified port Focused or smaller port 		

Unrestricted reserves to debt ranges from extremely strong (above 85%) to highly vulnerable (below 3%), see criteria tab for more details.



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Port | Operating metrics | Historical performance

Overview	Select metric category						View by	
	Financial performance	Debt	Liquidity	Operating metrics			By rating category	By historical performance
Airport Mass transit	24 issuers transportation infrastru	icture	Median total to	onnage ('000s)				- All cohorts
Toll road	 Key takeaways Many U.S. ports saw new recordhighs of containers and cargo imports, with median tonnage growth across all cohorts in 2022. Median tonnage for diversified ports decreased in 2022, remaining below 2019 levels due to economic and supply chain issues resulting in fluctuations in heavier 		50,000 40,000 30,000	•	•	•	•	 Container port Diversified port Focused or smaller
Port			20,000	•	-0	•	•	port
Parking			10,000 0	2019	2020	2021	2022	
All sectors								
Criteria and financial metric ranges	 In fluctuations in neavier commodities such as iron, steel, and breakbulk tonnage. Activity slowed in late 2022, likely because inflationary pressures and the increasing possibility of a recession in 2023 hurt consumer purchasing power and demand for goods. 	Median total to 10 5 0 -5	onnage growth (%)				 All cohorts Container port Diversified port Focused or smaller port 	
			2019	9	2020	2021	2022	



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Rating Agency: Timeliness of Audits

- Audited financial statements are needed for obtaining and maintaining bond ratings from S&P and Moody's
- Generally, the rating agencies expect audited financial statements within 12 months of fiscal year end
- The rating agencies know that Washington state local governments' may not be completed within a year
- S&P issued a report on February 5, 2024: How S&P Global Ratings Assesses Information Sufficiency and Timeliness for Washington Local Governments

S&P Global Ratings

RatingsDirect[®]

Credit FAQ:

How S&P Global Ratings Assesses Information Sufficiency And Timeliness For Washington Local Governments

February 5, 2024

S&P Global Ratings views annual generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)-basis financial statements to be the industry standard, providing a form of transparent and comparable financial reporting that is consistent across the U.S. The State of Washington does not require annual audits, allowing local governments (LGs) to complete them every three years, creating gaps in the timeliness of audited information. However, using unaudited annual financial reports prepared by LGs in Washington allows S&P Global Ratings to assess the credit quality of rated entities in the interval between audits. PRIMARY CREDIT ANALYS

San Francisco (510) 206-8913 cenisa.gutierrez @spglobal.com

We believe Washington LGs' unaudited annual financial reports (including the schedules and notes) provide necessary transparency in the absence of an audit. This combination creates a holistic and comprehensive view of an issuer's financial condition and outstanding obligations that generally align with national standards. Of the 173 Washington LGs with tax-secured debt that we rate, 51% report their annual financial statements on a GAAP basis or using modified accrual. For the other 49%, the audited financial statements are reported using the state's regulatory cash basis of accounting, with interim disclosures coming in the form of the unaudited annual financial reports. SECONDARY CONTACTS Amahad K Brown Dallas + 1 (214) 765 5876 amahad.brown @spglobal.com Chris Morgan San Francisco

+ 1 (415) 371 5032 chris.morgan @spglobal.com

This FAQ outlines our understanding of the local government financial reporting framework in the state, and our expectations for disclosure in a manner that is consistent across all U.S. public finance (USPF). For more information on our approach to information sufficiency in USPF, please see "How Quality And Timeliness Of Information Are Incorporated Into U.S. Public Finance's Rating Process" (published Dec. 6, 2021, on RatingsDirect).

Frequently Asked Questions

What types of entities does S&P Global Ratings consider to be local governments?

We consider counties, municipalities, special districts, and school districts to be local governments.

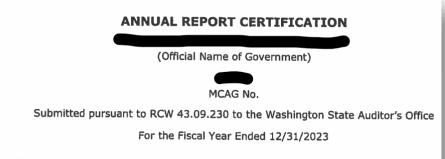
www.spglobal.com/ratingsdirect

February 5, 2024 1



Rating Agency: Timeliness of Audits

- Takeaway from S&P's February report
- "[S&P's] expectations for completion and receipt of audited and unaudited information are as follows:
 - Issuers will provide a financial audit or unaudited annual financial report completed within 365 days (about 12 months) of the most recent fiscal year-end.
 - Local Governments will provide their unaudited annual financial report with certification letter (if available), summary report, and supporting schedules including debt and pension disclosures.



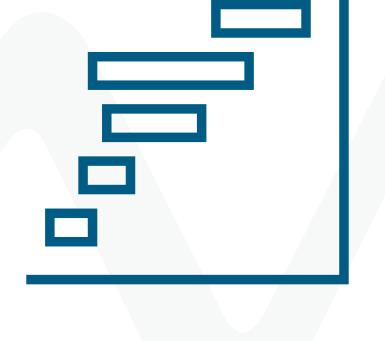
GOVERNMENT INFORMATION:

 Issuers will produce a financial audit that covers at least one of the three most recently completed fiscal years.



Rating Agency: Timeliness of Audits

- If you are audited annually and have a bond rating, make sure the SAO knows you have outstanding bond ratings and you need the audit within 12 months to maintain the rating
 - If you are audited less frequently, be sure to provide unaudited financial statements with the "Annual Report Certification" cover page and your audit is provided timely
- If the rating agencies do not receive information in a timely manner, your rating may be withdrawn
 - Reinstating the rating may cost money
 - Will decrease the value of your outstanding bonds, affecting bondholders
 - If bondholders lose value on your bonds due to a rating withdrawal, they may be reluctant to purchase your bonds in the future
- Reach out to the rating agency analyst if you anticipate a change in your financial statement timeliness or frequency





Takeaways

- Banks continue to be an important component for a Port's financing
 - Short-term notes, lines of credit, challenging credits
 - Increases in the Fed Funds rate have increased banks' cost of capital
 - Long-term financing via a bank has become more expensive post-pandemic compared to the public bond market
- Timeliness of audits has become a concern for the rating agencies
 - If you have outstanding bond ratings, be sure SAO is aware
 - If there is a change in the typical timing of your audit, reach out to the rating analyst

