



WSU TRI-CITIES

**Institute for Northwest Energy Futures**

# **Electric Grid – Past, Present and Future**

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# WSU Tri-Cities Institute for Northwest Energy Futures (INEF)

## Developing a Systems Approach to Energy Ecosystem

- New state-supported institute headquartered on WSU Tri-Cities campus with faculty, staff and facilities working across energy ecosystem
- Leveraging 26 energy-related entities for research, education, and outreach across the WSU System
- Working together with regional industry, communities, national laboratories and other higher education partners to implement resilient and reliable energy system roadmap



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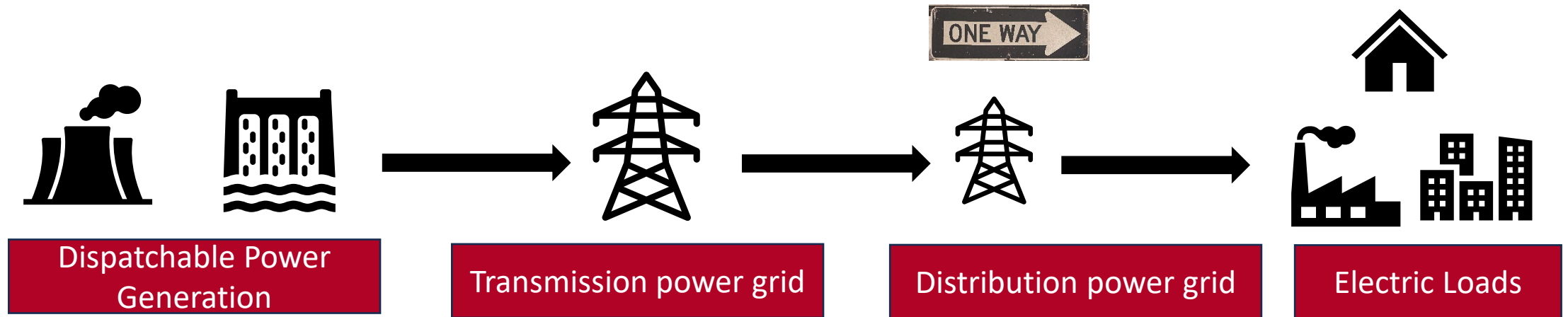


[tricitie.wsu.edu/inef](http://tricitie.wsu.edu/inef)



# Electric Power Grid

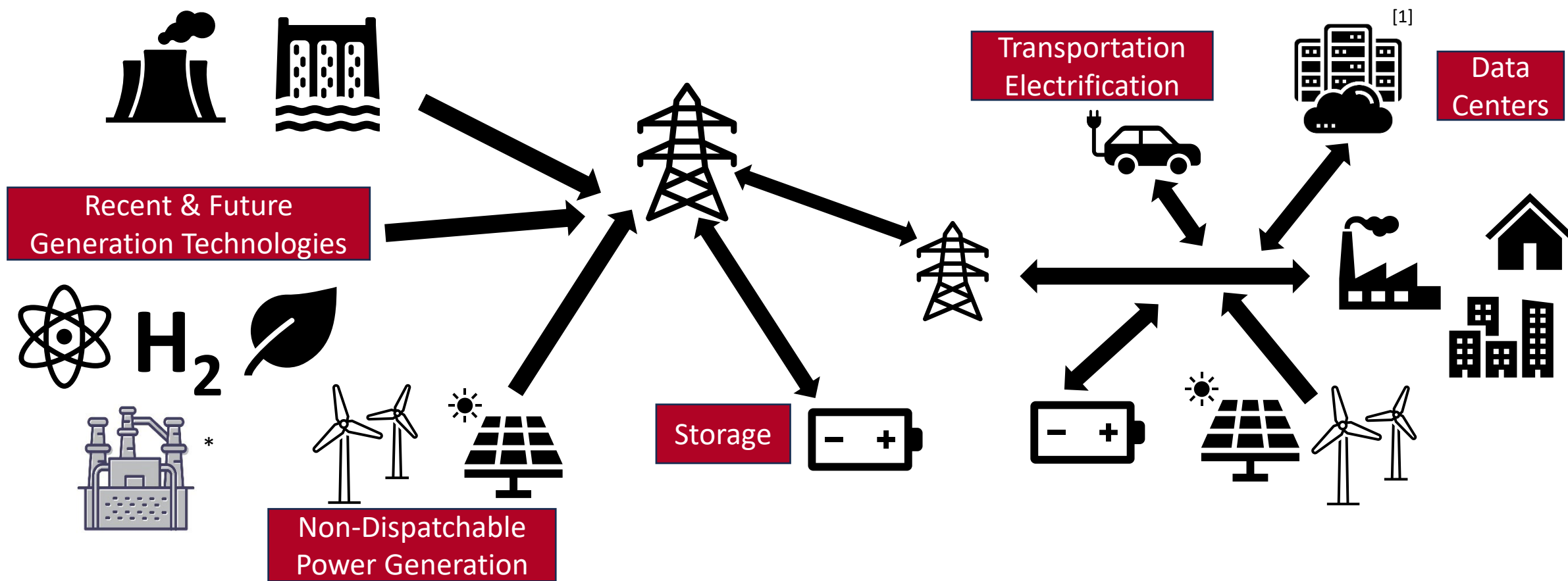
Past





# Electric Power Grid – Electron Highway

Present and Future – Moving towards reliable and resilient energy goals

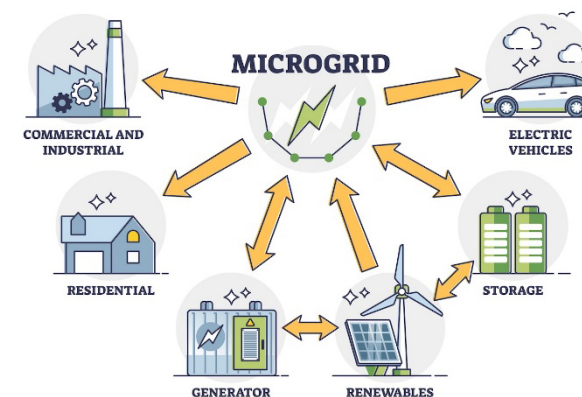
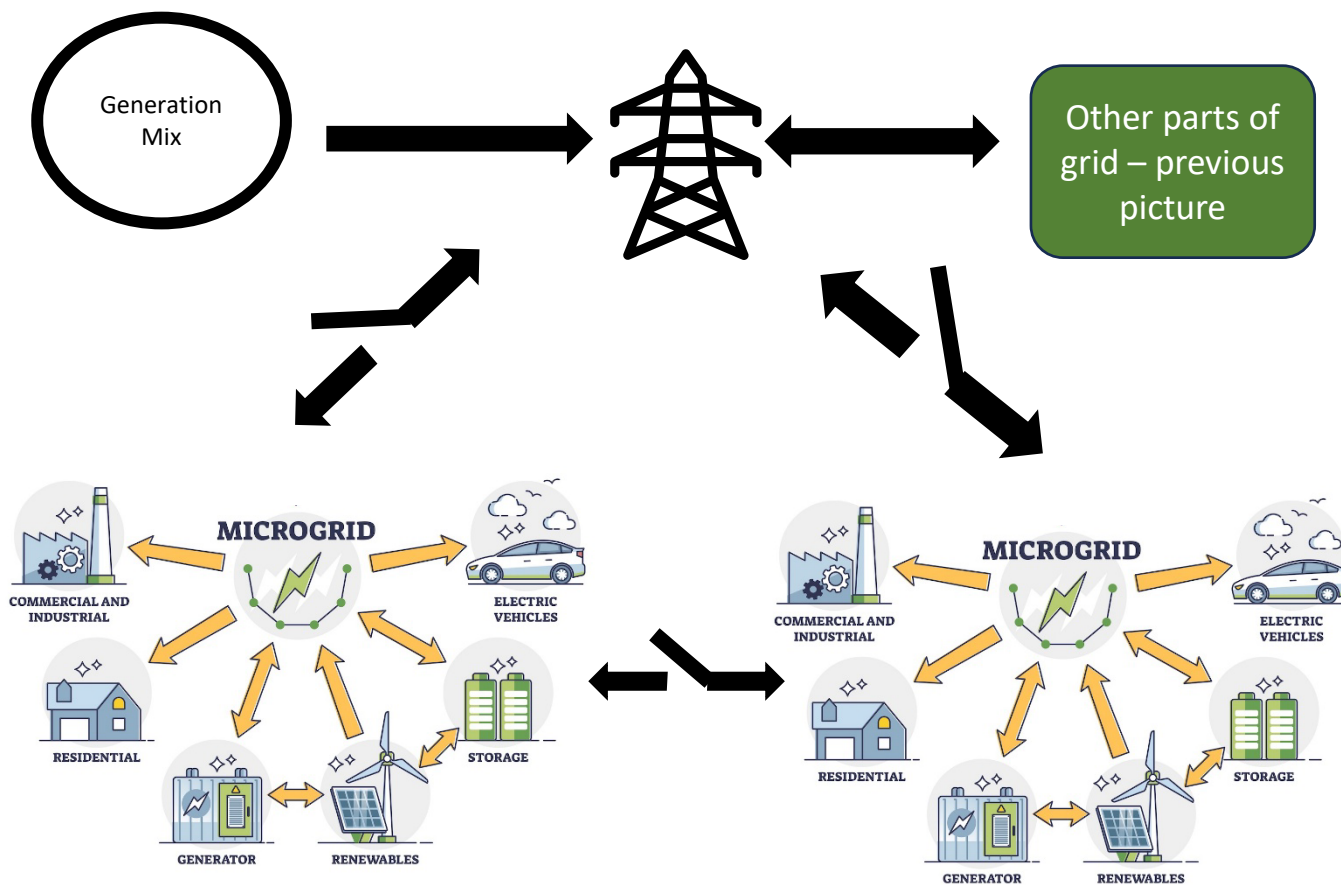


\* <https://www.vecteezy.com/vector-art/14024128-geothermal-energy-vector-icon>





# Electric Power Grid – Microgrids

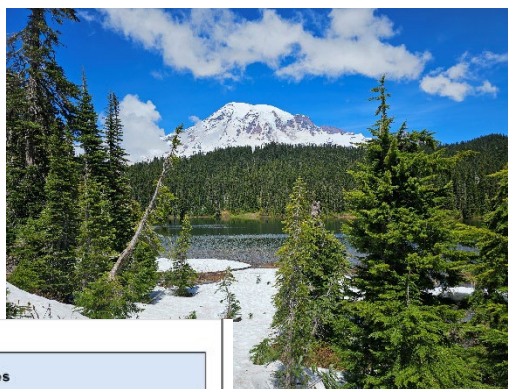
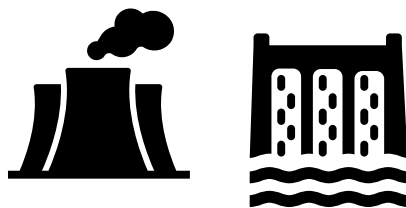




# Not all kilowatts are created equal

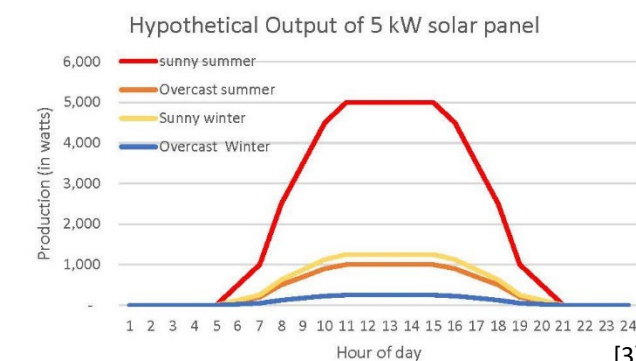
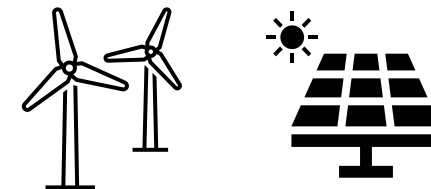
## Dispatchable Power Generation

- Controllable
- Often base load
- Limitations for ramping up and ramping down
- Climate change effects on hydrogeneration

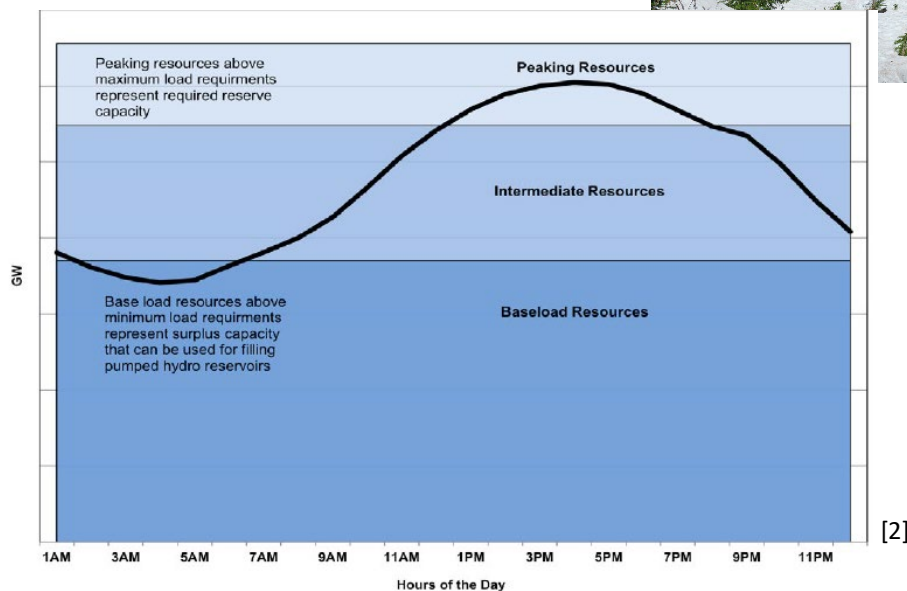


## Non-Dispatchable Power Generation

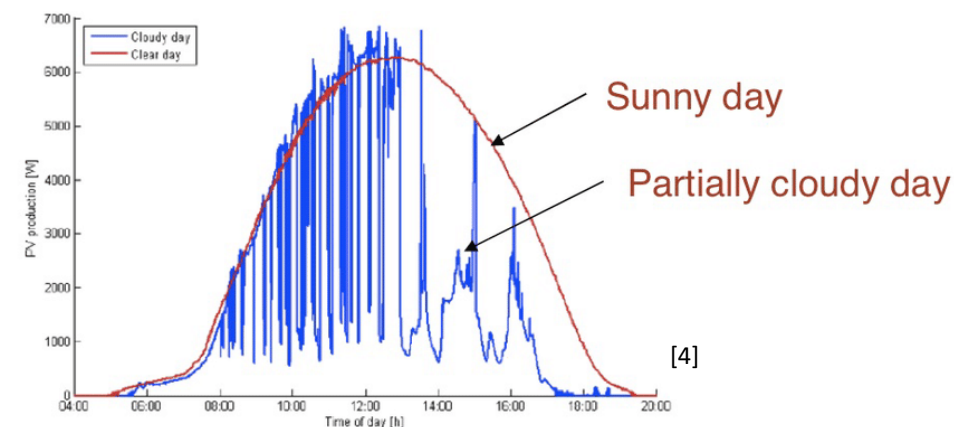
- Not controllable
- Weather dependent
- Name plate value is maximum amount
- Amount of generation changes with time of day and seasons



[3]



[2]

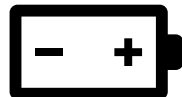


[4]



# Not all kilowatts are created equal

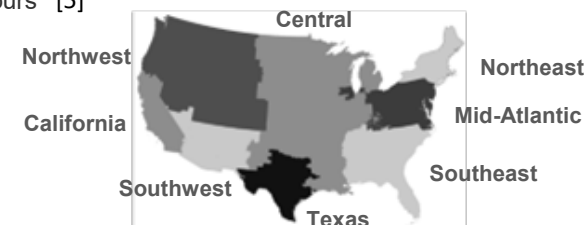
Storage



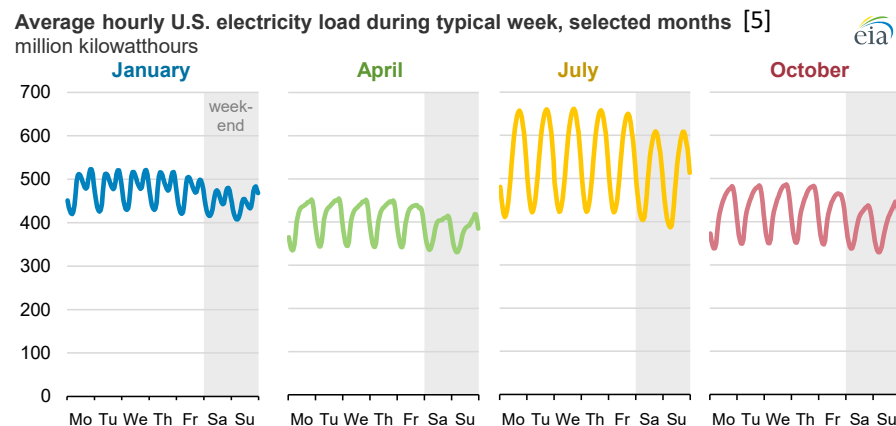
- Batteries
  - Short-term solution (~4 hr)
  - Work well with renewable energy sources
  - Changing characteristics while discharging
  - Many made with rare earth materials
- Other Storage techniques
  - Pumped Hydro Storage
  - Thermal
  - Hydrogen production

Power versus  
Energy

Average hourly electricity load during typical day by region, selected months  
million kilowatthours [5]

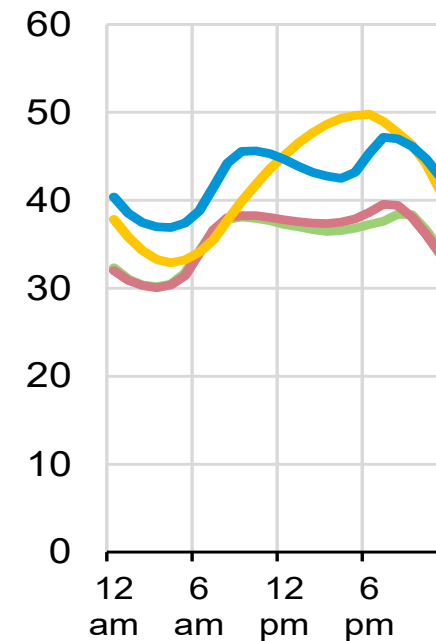


Kilowatts versus Kilowatt-hours



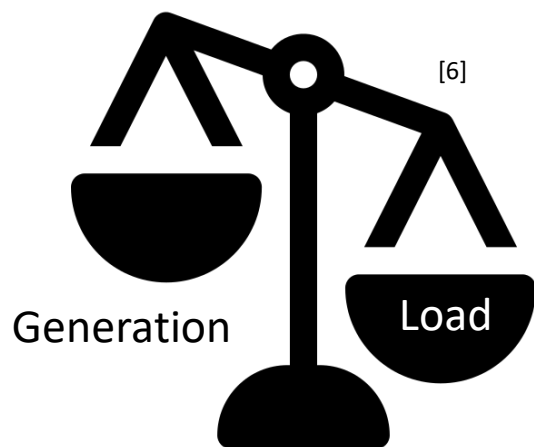
January  
April  
July  
October

Northwest



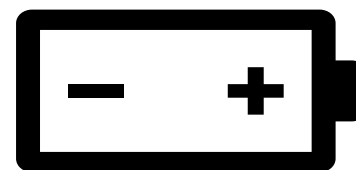
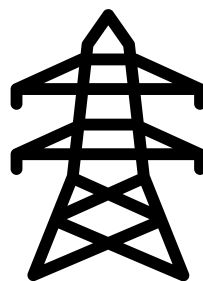


## What are grid challenges from the changing energy landscape?



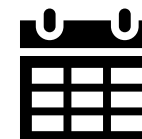
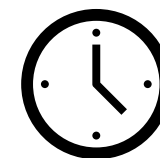
**Generation  
Adequacy  
Challenges**

**Transmission  
Line Congestion**



**Lack of  
grid-scale  
and long  
term  
storage**

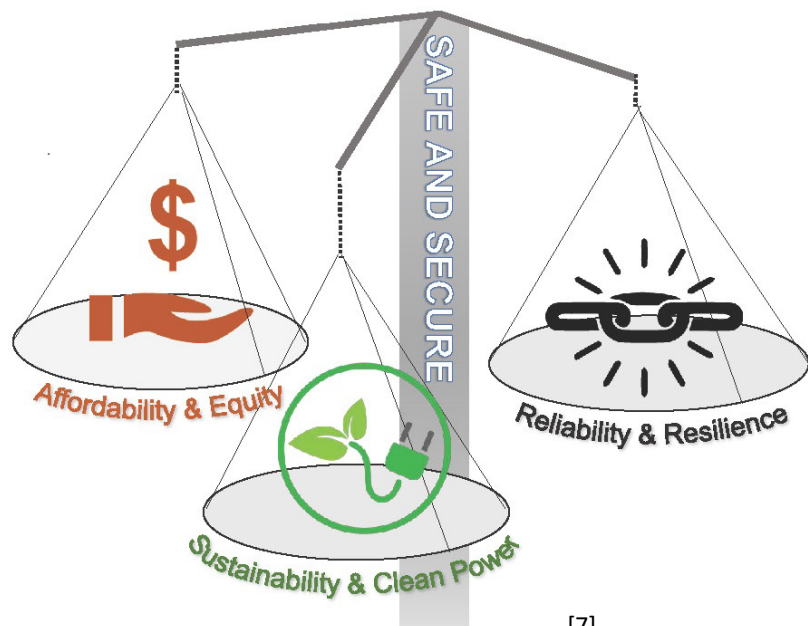
**Timeline for  
infrastructure  
improvements and  
new generation  
transition from  
research to  
implementation**







# Maintaining Grid Reliability and Resilience



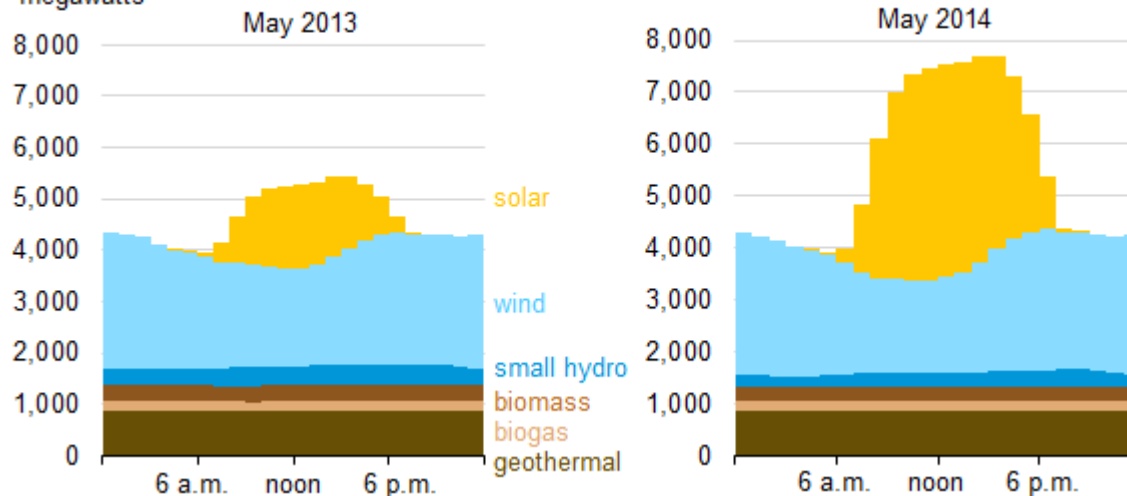
[7]

The National Academies of  
SCIENCES  
ENGINEERING  
MEDICINE

*The Future of Electric Power in the United States, 2021*

Average hourly California renewable electricity production profile  
megawatts

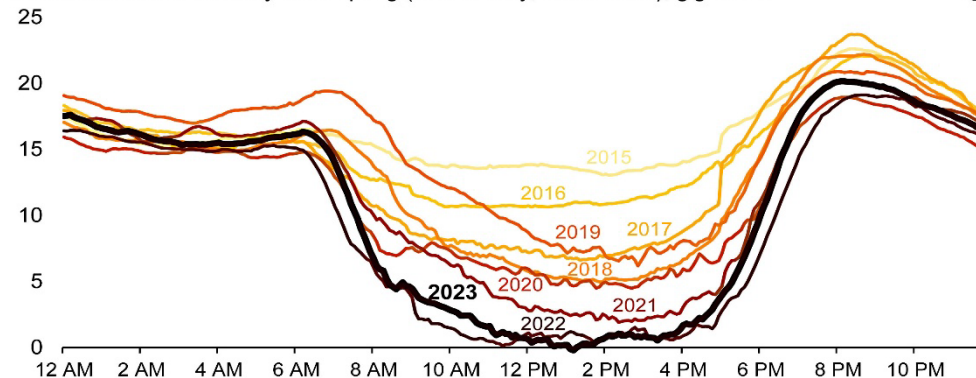
[8] eia



California's duck curve is getting deeper

CAISO lowest net load day each spring (March–May, 2015–2023), gigawatts

[9] eia





## Summary

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- Many new energy solutions revolve around electrification of systems and forecasts show large increases in electricity demand
- US power grid is over 140 years old – evolving with changing technologies for generation, transmission, distribution, storage and loads
- As shown, an effective electric grid system is a very complex challenge that differs across different parts of US (and even WA) as well as over time
- It is important to collaborate across the energy ecosystem with new ideas and projects to avoid unintended consequences on other parts of the system
- Our future resilient and reliable energy solutions will be a set of technologies

**Thank you WPPA for the opportunity to  
share about electric power grids!**





## References

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4. S. Bhattacharyya. Future Challenges in Electricity Grid Infrastructure. Problem contributed by ENDINET to SWI 2012 Eindhoven, NL, Opening Presentation, 2012.
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7. National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine. 2021. *The Future of Electric Power in the United States*. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. <https://doi.org/10.17226/25968>.
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9. As solar capacity grows, duck curves are getting deeper in California, June 21, 2023, US Energy Information Administration, <https://www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/detail.php?id=56880&os=http%2A.esvpnapp.com>